ADVOCACY IN ACTION:
A Toolkit for the Rolling Revolution
INTRODUCTION

Advocacy plays a key role in our system of democracy by giving everyone a voice.

"The power of United Spinal’s advocacy comes from the grassroots. It is up to all of us to be the change we want to see and make our voices heard at every level of government. We have to stay connected, stay informed, and stay mobilized, ready to move united toward a common goal. Only by involving our entire community from the ground up can we fulfill the promise of our democracy—not only for people with spinal cord injuries and disorders, but also for the profoundly diverse disability community in which we play an important role."

-- Vincenzo Piscopo
United Spinal President & CEO

United Spinal Association wants to make it easy for you to get involved and use your voice for change. Every advocate plays an important role in communicating what members of the spinal cord injury and paralysis community need to be successful. Across the country, people are sharing their stories and working to educate their lawmakers about the issues that affect them most. Your life experience and a passion for change can make a difference.

This guide will give you tips and tools to help you understand what advocacy is and how to become an effective advocate in your community. Being an advocate is an important step to ensuring that you and those around you have equal access and opportunity.
# Table of Contents

## About Us: United Spinal Association
1. Our Mission
2. Who is United Spinal?
4. VetsFirst
6. Roll on Capitol Hill

## Defining Advocacy
10. What is Advocacy?
11. Grassroots advocacy vs. lobbying
12. District Mobilization
13. Advocates in Action: Growing Grassroots

## Know Your Rights: Key Legislation
14. Americans With Disabilities Act
16. Affordable Care Act
18. Air Carrier Access Act
22. Fair Housing Act and Fair Housing Amendments Act
24. The Rehabilitation Act
25. Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act
26. Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act

## The Legislative Process
27. Legislation vs. Regulation
28. Local, State, & Federal Offices
29. How the U.S. Congress Works
30. How a Bill Becomes a Law
31. Why Federal Politics Matter
33. How State Legislatures Work
34. Why State Politics Matter
35. Finding Your Place In Politics
36. Advocates in Action: Getting Political

## Political Engagement
37. Communicating With Elected Officials
38. In person Visits
41. Telephone Calls
42. E-mailing Congress
43. Town Hall Meetings
44. Speaking Up At Town Hall Meetings
# Table of Contents

## The Virtual World
- 45.... Social Media
- 46.... Social Media Dos and Don’ts
- 47.... Social Media Best Practices
- 48.... Develop a Game Plan
- 49.... Avenues of the Virtual World
- 50.... Virtual Advocacy
- **52.... Advocates in Action: Rallying Online**

## Effective Personal Storytelling
- 53.... Sharing Your Story
- 54.... Story Development Questions
- 55.... Messages That Inspire Action
- **56.... Advocates in Action: Reforming Rehabilitation**

## Initiative Creation
- 57.... What Is an Initiative?
- 58.... Strategizing an Initiative
- 59.... Initiative SMART Objectives
- 60.... Initiative Development Steps
- 61.... Crafting an Issue Summary
- **62.... Advocates in Action: Ride Across America**

## Assembling a Coalition
- 63.... Utilizing Coalitions
- 64.... Organizing a Coalition
- **65.... Advocates in Action: Community Rollers**

## Planning Advocacy Events
- 66.... "Roll" Event Planning Basics
- **67.... Advocates in Action: RollingTogether**

## Additional Resources
- 68.... Resources and Contact Information
“Change never happens at the pace we think it should. It happens over years of people joining together, strategizing, sharing, and pulling all the levers they possibly can. Gradually, excruciatingly slowly, things start to happen, and then suddenly, seemingly out of the blue, something will tip.”
— Judith Heumann, Being Heumann: An Unrepentant Memoir of a Disability Rights Activist

“Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world; indeed, it’s the only thing that ever has.”
— Margaret Mead, American Cultural Anthropologist

“Vote as if your life depends on it—because it does!”
— Justin Dart, Co-founder of the American Association of People with Disabilities

“The things we’ve been advocating [for] are not just for a marginal group of people; they’re for the society as a whole. Disability affects all of us. It’s time that we normalize and accept it rather than perceive it to be at the margins of our society”
— Marca Bristo, Founding President and CEO of Access Living
“CHANGE IS DIFFICULT. THE OPPONENT IS THE STATUS QUO. WE MUST EDUCATE, EMPOWER, AND MOTIVATE THOSE SEEKING JUSTICE AND EQUALITY TO HELP US HELP THEM.”

JAMES WEISMAN
GENERAL COUNSEL
FORMER UNITED SPINAL PRESIDENT & CEO (2015-2020)
United Spinal Association is a national 501(c) (3) nonprofit membership organization dedicated to empowering people with spinal cord injuries and disorders (SCI/D), including veterans, to live successful and fulfilling lives.

Directed by people with disabilities, United Spinal Association works to overcome the stigma of disability and remove physical barriers to inclusion for wheelchair users. We are united in our belief that businesses, people with disabilities and society all benefit from providing equal opportunity to pursue passions, employment, and recreational opportunities. Our goal is to actively support people with SCI/D through valuable programs and services that maximize independence and create opportunities to become leaders, advocates, and innovators.
WHO ARE WE?

United Spinal has over 75 years of experience educating and empowering over 2 million individuals with SCI/D to achieve and maintain the highest levels of independence, health and personal fulfillment.

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEMBERS</td>
<td>CHAPTERS</td>
<td>SUPPORT GROUPS</td>
<td>REGISTERED ADVOCATES</td>
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United Spinal has more than 100 rehabilitation facility and hospital partners nationwide, including 14 distinguished Spinal Cord Injury Model System Centers that support innovative projects and research in the field of SCI/D. United Spinal Association is a VA-accredited veterans service organization (VSO) serving veterans with disabilities of all kinds.

United Spinal has a social media reach of 1 million impressions.

- United Spinal Association Facebook
- United Spinal Association Advocacy Network Facebook
- United Spinal Association Instagram
- United Spinal Association Twitter
- United Spinal Association LinkedIn

New Mobility is United Spinal’s membership magazine covering Spinal Cord Injury and Disease, health, travel, recreation, advocacy, relationships, employment, humor, the arts, lifestyles and much more. New Mobility is available in both print and digital form with 98,000 readers to date. Click here to visit the New Mobility website.
We believe no person should be excluded from opportunity based on their disability. Our goal is to provide people living with SCI/D programs and services that maximize their independence and enable them to remain active in their communities.

United Spinal transforms the lives of people with SCI/D by:

**Advocating for greater access** to healthcare, mobility equipment, public transportation, rehabilitation, community services and supports, and the built environment

**Empowering our members** with resources, one-on-one assistance, and peer support

**Promoting independence** through employment opportunities and community integration

United Spinal is actively committed to advocating for greater civil rights and independence for people with disabilities, including access to healthcare, employment, technology, emergency preparedness, improving enforcement of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), ensuring adequate access to transportation, and amending Medicare rules that restrict many individuals to their homes and nursing facilities.
United Spinal is also a Department of Veterans Affairs-accredited veterans service organization (VSO) and its VetsFirst program serves veterans, including disabled veterans, and their eligible family members in obtaining the benefits they are entitled to, deserve and need from healthcare, including mental health resources, to employment, as well as adaptive housing and adaptive transportation. Click here to visit the VetsFirst website.

Founded by World War II veterans, United Spinal saw great impact expansion early on under the 32-year leadership of veteran James J. Peters. To Jim Peters, 'life in a wheelchair' meant a life devoted to demanding recognition and respect for veterans with disabilities. His advocacy furthered healthcare, research, education, transportation, housing and related legislation.

In 1970, Peters exposed the awful conditions that our Vietnam veterans with spinal cord injuries faced at the Bronx VA Medical Center through a cover story he convinced Life magazine to run. The national outrage that was sparked from this story helped to convince Congress to take action and build a brand new facility with a focus on spinal cord injuries. The hospital was renamed in 2005 in honor of Peters and his years of dedication to ensure quality healthcare for all veterans. Click here for more information on the James J. Peters VA Medical Center (Bronx, NY).
VetsFirst advocates nationally for all generations of veterans, including individuals living with post-traumatic stress disorder and traumatic brain injuries.

In addition to providing individual support and counseling services, VetsFirst offers timely news and information across the spectrum of issues presently impacting the veterans community, including state benefits, separating from the military, as well as exclusive feature stories on military healthcare and VA funding and compensation.

United Spinal is a VA-accredited veterans service organization and we strive to ensure the organization remains an instrument for veterans rather than an institution.

Ask VetsFirst is a free support service for Veterans and their family members. You can find Knowledge Books on a wide range of veterans issues and topics. You can also submit a request to have one of our counselors answer your questions. Click here to Ask VetsFirst.

Veterans Knowledge Books
- Veterans Guide to VA Healthcare
- Veterans Guide to VA Claim Filing
- Veterans Employment and Education
- VA Commonly Used Forms
- Veterans Spinal Cord Injury System
- VA Prosthetics

If you have questions regarding your Veterans Benefits or benefits that your family members may be entitled to, VetsFirst can help you. Click here for the Veterans Guide to VA Benefits.
Roll on Capitol Hill is United Spinal’s annual signature policy event that supports key advocacy priorities for our membership and the broader disability community, including veterans, to ensure that legislators include wheelchair users and all people with disabilities in policy debates on Capitol Hill. The event strengthens the voice of our community and ensures all people with disabilities are engaged in policies that impact their quality of life and independence.

Our Roll on Capitol Hill takes place every year in June when we bring in advocates from across the country to meet with legislators to discuss critical issues that impact our community. Click here to visit our website for more information.

Components of the Roll include an Education Day, Monday, when we explain the issues we are going to address with guest speakers and allot time for questions to prep for our Hill Day the next day, Tuesday. Our Hill Day is followed by a Congressional Reception where we present awards to Congressional champions and advocates. We invite the broader disability community to attend this event with the United Spinal community.

"Last year was my first ROCH. I was very nervous about it but the Advocacy and Policy team did an excellent job of preparing all of us and making everyone feel prepared and at ease."
— Rebecca MacTaggart (PA), United Spinal Advocate & Government Relations Coordinator

Why We Roll:
- To preserve and enhance disability rights
- To make all transportation accessible
- To improve community supports and services
- To improve public accessibility
- To secure significant funding for Spinal Cord Injury Model Systems
- To ensure accessible affordable healthcare, broadband and expanded telehealth access
- To secure and improve veterans’ benefits and services
- To preserve the rights guaranteed by the Americans with Disabilities Act
- To secure appropriate medical equipment, supplies, pharmaceuticals, wheelchairs and assistive technologies
- To increase access to employment for the disability community
What we are Fighting For: United Spinal’s Roll on Capitol Hill has been able to increase the number of participants and outreach because advocates can engage both in-person and virtually.

The Government Relations and Advocacy and Policy teams are working hard with you to fight for better access to employment, healthcare, transportation, technology, emergency preparedness, and as always advocating for equal access to the built environment, protecting disability rights and preserving disability benefits.

**Employment**
United Spinal supports policies that empower individuals living with a disability in establishing their independence through gainful employment. Individuals with disabilities must have equal access and opportunity to competitive, integrated employment, and self-sufficiency through improved income security, separate from the need for community supports and services or benefits.

**Healthcare**
Access to Quality Affordable Healthcare: United Spinal supports policies that promote affordable quality healthcare, including non-discrimination provisions and consumer protections as we expand the use of telehealth.

**Transportation**
United Spinal supports policies that promote universally designed accessible vehicles, planes, buses, trains, including autonomous and electric vehicles. We also support policies that allow for multimodal options in accessible transportation to include all underserved populations.
Emergency Preparedness
The COVID-19 pandemic has disproportionately impacted people living with disabilities. Emergency preparedness is a key priority for our community and related challenges impact our members’ health, employment, and well-being.

Technology
Living and Thriving in the Digital World
So that everyone can live and thrive in the digital world, United Spinal supports policies that increase access to and use of the digital world through a sustained federal investment to ensure deployment and maintenance of a high capacity, secure and reliable 5G broadband national network. The national network must be accessible, affordable, adoptable, and usable for all Americans.

To achieve our digital world goals, United Spinal is working to put the broadband programs and dollars contained in the newly enacted Bipartisan Infrastructure Law to work for everyone, especially those of us in the disability community.

Disability Rights
United Spinal Association opposes any discrimination against individuals with disabilities and any restrictions of disability rights or access to the built environment. Without protections provided through laws such as, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Rehabilitation Act, the Fair Housing Act, and other similar laws, individuals with disabilities are restricted from participating fully in society and living active, productive, and independent lives.

Click below for more information on:
What We Are Fighting For
Virtual Advocacy
"When I became aware of the mission of Roll on Capitol Hill, which is to facilitate change, social equality, and actively pursue disability rights for persons with Spinal Cord Injury and [disorders] (SCI/D) it intrigued me and I knew I needed to be a part of it. As a leader in my community, joining Roll on Capitol Hill has been a powerful and fulfilling experience in my journey as an advocate and living with a disability. I’ve learned not only how to be an Advocate, but an Activist."

-- Shannon Minnick (MD), United Spinal Advocate & Deputy Director of Independence Now

"Attending ROCH in the past proves that we all have a voice and that each one of us has the power to change policies that affect our lives. Having spoken with legislators on issues that affect the independence and quality of life that people with spinal cord injuries and disorders (SCI/D) is empowering and inspiring."

-- Kim Harrison (FL), United Spinal Advocate & Northern Florida State Advocacy Coordinator

“I’ve met so many amazing individuals with spinal cord injuries and disorders from across the country. We unite to impact change and fight for disability rights. That’s what makes Roll on Capitol Hill so rewarding.”

-- Richard Bagby (VA), United Spinal Advocate

“ROCH gave me an opportunity to learn and practice how to advocate for myself and my community. At first I was intimidated because I am not an expert at policy and legislation but my fear quickly disappeared as my peers and I talked to our representatives and shared our stories. Turns out the people in office are just people like us and sometimes they are not aware of the issues and are really receptive to learn and help. This event made me more confident in participating and making change.”

-- Reveca Torres (IL), United Spinal Advocate & Founder of BACKBONES

"The Roll on Capitol Hill is a powerful opportunity as a United Spinal Association member to make a real difference and meet with your Federal representatives to discuss and promote legislative issues that will dramatically impact your life and the lives of others with disabilities. How we ROLL is our way of life, and it is time for our voices to be heard."

-- Bill Bogdan (IL), United Spinal Advocate & Disability Liaison, Illinois Secretary of State’s Office
"WHEN I SEE SOMETHING AND SAY, ‘SOMEONE OUGHT TO DO SOMETHING ABOUT THAT,’ I CAN ACTUALLY BE THAT PERSON. I HAVE THE TOOLS AND RESOURCES TO BRING ABOUT CHANGE."

LAUREN DEBRUICKER (PA)
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE
WHAT IS ADVOCACY?

Acts of public support or recommendation of a particular cause or policy. To advocate (advocare) means, in Latin, to call in as counsel. A modern translation of 'to advocate' is to call for, to speak out, to voice. This makes active advocacy simple, we just need to speak up and make our voices heard.

WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

Through advocacy, communities like ours are able to raise awareness, break down barriers and help further the causes we care about most. Effective advocacy shapes the public debate on social issues and ensures that communities have a voice in the policies that impact their lives. Advocacy allows us the power to influence and advance change.
While direct lobbying is often conducted on behalf of organizations or associations and exercised by registered lobbyists...

Grassroots advocates are members of the community who are personally affected by an issue. Grassroots advocacy is awareness building that relies on people to use their own voice and stories to reach local, state, or federal decision-makers regarding the issues that affect them directly. As a grassroots advocate, each of us has an opportunity to 'plant seeds' of concern and nurture the kind of awareness that helps a movement grow, like grass.

As a grassroots advocate you have the power to:

- Be heard by decision-makers
- Educate policymakers
- Defend and safeguard your rights
- Share your SCI/D story and experiences
- Show support for or against legislation
- Build influential relationships
- Advise and be considered in life-affecting decisions
- Be part of positive change

“Advocacy is as simple as making your voice heard and with multiple voices, I have no doubt that together we CAN make change.”

— Alexandra Bennewith, MPA, Vice President, Government Relations, United Spinal Association
DISTRICT MOBILIZATION

The District Mobilization Initiative is focused on two primary goals: recruiting committed advocates all across the country who will commit to sending United Spinal’s action alerts to their Members of Congress, and having those advocates serve as ambassadors for the SCI/D community with their lawmakers on Capitol Hill.

There are people with SCI/D and other disabilities in every part of the country. We want to make sure that we have committed advocates in all 435 congressional district across the United States getting our message out to their Members of Congress.

Click below to find your:

- Elected Official
- Congressional District

Mobilize with us by adding your name to our Grassroots Advocacy Network. The Grassroots Advocacy Network is for those advocates who want to be on the cutting edge of change. Congressional offices have to be made aware of the issues that the disability community cares about. So, we must have a solid base of advocates who can consistently send in our action alerts to their members of Congress. You can click here for more information on United Spinal’s Action Alerts.
In 2018, Kelley faced discrimination when an app based ridesharing driver refused to transport her wheelchair. Rightfully feeling wronged, Mrs. Simoneaux sought out all avenues available to voice her grievances and to bring attention to this issue.

In doing so, she filed a complaint with the ridesharing company via their app, called out the company and experience on social media, contacted news networks and shared her story with press, and filed a human rights violation in the county where the incident occurred.

As she shared her story, she began hearing from other wheelchair users about their own negative experiences using ridesharing. For many, the stories were similar, but for those who are unable to transfer into a car, the option of ridesharing commonly wasn’t an option at all.

With further awareness of the current gaps in service, regulation and recourse, Kelley was driven to keep pushing. She worked for months to get a sit-down with corporate leadership from Uber, but left the meeting feeling demystified with the lack of enthusiasm the company showed in making accessibility improvement changes internally.

With that, Ms. Simoneaux made a commitment, “If they’re not going to do it on their own, what I can do is help shape policy that will make them change how they operate.” In the time since, she has done just that, working with legislators to fight for the changes needed to make ridesharing accessible for all.
“KNOWING MY RIGHTS EMPOWERS ME AND STRENGTHENS MY CONFIDENCE TO ASK FOR THE CHANGES I SEEK.”

IAN RUDER (OR)
UNITED SPINAL EMPLOYEE AND ADVOCATE
EDITOR, NEW MOBILITY MAGAZINE
THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA)

Since 1990, the ADA has prohibited discrimination on the basis of disability. In 2008, the Americans with Disabilities Amendments Act (ADAAA) reframed the ADA’s definition of disability and broadened the scope of coverage. As it stands, the ADA defines a person with a disability as an individual with physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activity. The ADA is divided into 5 titles:

- **Employment (Title I).** Requires employers to provide reasonable accommodations to people with disabilities who are applicants or employees. It also prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in all aspect of employment.
- **Public Services (Title II).** States that public services, like public transportation, cannot deny service or participation to a person with a disability.
- **Public Accommodations (Title III).** States that all newly constructed and modified facilities, such as restaurants, grocery stores, commercial stores, and hotels, must be accessible to people with disabilities.
- **Telecommunications (Title IV).** Requires telecommunications companies offering services to the general public to provide telephone relay services to people who use telecommunication devices.
- **Miscellaneous (Title V).** Prohibits coercing, threatening, or retaliating against people with disabilities asserting their rights under the ADA.
ADDRESSING ADA VIOLATIONS

Examples of ADA violations

Failure to install a wheelchair ramp where necessary, inadequate restroom accommodations, lack of handrails, walkways that are too narrow or steep, problematic elevator or escalator systems, insufficient accessible parking, employment discrimination, websites that do not meet the needs of those with disabilities, inaccessible public spaces and transportation etc.

What to do/where to go for help

If you believe that you or another person has been discriminated against by an entity covered by the ADA, you may file a complaint with the Disability Rights Section (DRS) in the Department of Justice.

Click here for additional resources or to file a complaint.
AFFORDABLE CARE ACT (ACA)

Since being signed into law by President Barack Obama on March 23, 2010, the ACA (in full, known as The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) together with the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 amendment, represents the U.S. healthcare system’s most significant regulatory overhaul and expansion of coverage since the passage of Medicare and Medicaid in 1965. Regulations include:

- Insurers cannot deny coverage to individuals due to pre-existing conditions;
- Premiums must be the same for everyone of a given age, regardless of pre-existing conditions;
- Essential Health Benefits (EHB) must include: ambulatory patient services; emergency services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.
- Annual and lifetime coverage limits on EHB prohibited.
- Additional preventive care and screening for women;
- Creation of health insurance exchanges in all fifty states. The exchanges are regulated, largely online marketplaces, administered by either federal or state government, where individuals and small businesses can purchase private insurance plans.
ADDRESSING ACA VIOLATIONS

Examples of ACA violations

As with all things, you must monitor what your plan covers. Read and familiarize yourself with your plan's benefits very closely and speak out if you are receiving discriminatory services or inappropriate benefits such as:

- fewer therapy visits than listed in your plan
- specialists in your network that do not align with your needs
- denying your enrollment into a plan
- denying savings based on your income level

What to do/where to go for help

- you can submit an appeal to your plan
- contact your state Health Department ombudsperson/administrative personnel or leadership (varies between states)
- contact your local, state or Federal legislators

Click below for additional resources

ACA Plans and Benefits
Private Insurance Options
Want to contact your local, state, or federal legislators?
Since 1986, the ACAA has prohibited commercial airlines from discriminating against passengers with disabilities. Some of your rights under the ACAA include:

- All domestic and foreign American air carriers are required to have accessible websites and kiosks.
- You have a right to timely enplaning, deplaning, and connection assistance. You also have a right to be provided equipment (e.g., wheelchairs and aisle chairs) and personnel (e.g., individuals to propel wheelchairs and aisle chairs and individuals to assist in carrying and stowing their baggage).
- Airlines must allow passengers to safely stow their wheelchairs or parts of wheelchairs in the overhead bins or under seats.
- Airlines must ensure there is a space for at least one passenger with a disability to stow a folding wheelchair in the cabin of the airplane if the aircraft has 100 or more seats on board.
- Service animals must be allowed to accompany passengers with disabilities and to sit in close proximity to the passenger as long as they do not block the aisle.
- Those providing wheelchair service while traveling may not charge for service or ask for a tip for their service.

Potential ACAA violations include:

Wheelchair damage, bodily harm, excessive wait times, inaccessible ticketing site, service animal denial, etc.
AIR CARRIER ACCESS AMENDMENTS ACT (2017)

There are many working groups, along with United Spinal Association’s Government Relations and Advocacy and Policy teams, that serve to advocate for actions to enhance accessibility in air travel. Some of these continuing efforts have led to the passing of the *Air Carrier Access Amendments Act of 2017*, which led to incorporate accountability measures regarding accessible air travel including:

- The formation of the Air Carrier Access Act Advisory Committee
- Increasing penalties for damages to mobility aids or injuries to travelers with disabilities
- A study conducted by the United States Access Board to determine the ways in which individuals with significant disabilities who use wheelchairs, including power wheelchairs, can be accommodated through cabin wheelchair restraint systems. Further, DOT will put forward minimum guidelines consistent with the findings.

In 2018, Roll on Capitol Hill advocates lobbied for support of further ACAAM reform, namely the Air Carrier Access Amendments Act, assisting in the passage of the *Federal Aviation Administration Reauthorization Act* requiring:

- Increased civil penalties for bodily harm to passengers, equipment, or mobility aids
- Review and revise regulations to ensure passengers receive dignified, timely and effective assistance
- Creation of Advisory Committee on the Air Travel Needs of Passengers with Disabilities
- Development of Airline Passengers with Disabilities Bill of Rights
ADDRESSING ACAVIOLATIONS

What to do/where to go for help

- Contact the airline with which you are traveling. Many employ designated disability customer service agents. When possible, speak with someone at the airport.
- Speak with a Complaint Resolution Officers (CRO) who will have disability related procedure and resolution training and are available in all US airports in person or by phone 24/7.
- Follow-up any ACAA violation by filing an incident report with the Department of Transportation or with the airline.
- Click here for more information on the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Civil Rights Enforcement and Awareness.
- Click here for more information on travel tips and more information from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
- Click here to visit the United Spinal Association website for information on reporting transportation issues.
After facing not only one, but two, heavily damaged wheelchairs caused by airline mishandling during his travels to Roll on Capitol Hill’s 2016 and 2017 events, Kenny ran chair first into an advocacy discussion he could not ignore.

"This is just the beginning of a larger conversation about accessible travel that must be had. Because I’m paralyzed from the neck down, these chairs are more than just my legs, they are also my arms and extensions of my brain; they are how I control my telephone, access my home and run my business. In short, they are my life, and that should not be put at risk every time I want to travel and do life,” said Salvini.

In 2018, Kenny and other attendees spent several days advocating for increased air travel rights and protections included in the Air Carrier Access Amendments Act (ACAA). Fueled with education and an empowered voice, Kenny spoke out. After sharing his story on social media, he wrote a poignant piece on the subject for New Mobility magazine, winning honorable mention in the Ruderman Awards for Excellence in Reporting on Disability. Beyond his pen, Kenny continues to use his voice as an advocate and advisor, working with Alaska Airlines to share his story and facilitate improved equipment handling.
FAIR HOUSING ACT (FHA)

The Fair Housing Act protects people from discrimination when they are renting, buying, or securing financing for any housing. The prohibitions specifically cover discrimination because of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, disability and the presence of children.

The Civil Rights Act of 1968, more commonly known as the Fair Housing Act, was the third major civil rights law passed in the 1960s. In general, the FHA applies broadly to all sorts of housing, public and private, including single family homes, apartments, condominiums, mobile homes, and others. The act's coverage also extends to the secondary mortgage market.

FAIR HOUSING AMENDMENTS ACT

Since 1988, the FHA Amendments Act (FHAA) has extended Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin in housing sales, rentals or financing to include protection to persons with a disability. It was amended to prohibit discrimination on the additional grounds of physical and mental handicap, as well as familial status.

FHAA requires two types of reasonable accommodations to make existing housing more accessible to persons with disabilities. These accommodations consist of structural modifications and policy changes:

**Structural modifications:** Housing providers must permit reasonable modifications of existing premises if such modifications are necessary for a person with a disability to be able to live in and use the premises. The cost of the modification is to be paid by the resident with a disability.

**Policy changes:** FHAA requires that the housing provider make reasonable modifications in rules, policies, practices or services necessary to give persons with disabilities equal opportunity to use and enjoy the dwelling.
ADDRESSING FHAA VIOLATIONS

Examples of FHAA violations

Landlord denial based on disability, race, religion, or familial status, failure to provide reasonable accommodation to a dwelling, unfair mortgage practices, exclusionary advertising, etc.

What to do/where to go for help

The Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity is the agency responsible for administering and enforcing federal fair housing laws. If you feel you have faced an FHAA violation, you can contact FHEO to file a complaint or visit your local Housing and Urban Development office.

Click below for additional resources

Understanding the Fair Housing Act
Understanding the Fair Housing Amendments Act
Filing a complaint with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
THE REHABILITATION ACT

In 1973, the Rehabilitation act replaced the Vocational Rehabilitation Act with reforms including:

- Expansion and revision of grants to states for vocational rehabilitation services, with special emphasis on services to individuals with the most severe disabilities
- Broadening federal responsibilities and research and training programs with respect to individuals with disabilities
- Providing linkage between state vocational rehabilitation programs and workforce investment activities carried out under title I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998
- Establishing special responsibilities for the Secretary of Education for coordination of all activities with respect to individuals with disabilities within and across programs administered by the federal government

Potential Rehabilitation Act violations

Unfair hiring practices, discrimination, unmet employment assistance needs, refusal to provide adaptive technology, etc.

Where to go for help/file a complaint

Complaints can be filed with the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or state Fair Employment Practice Agencies can be used for claims that inform locally specific worker protection laws. Click here for additional guidance.
VIETNAM ERA VETERAN'S READJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE ACT

Since 2003, the VEVRAA has required that businesses with a federal contract or subcontract in the amount of $100,000 or more entered into on or after December 1, 2003, take affirmative action to employ and advance qualified protected veterans.

Veterans covered by VEVRAA are those who receive VA disability compensation, were recently separated from active duty, served on active duty during a war or in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge was authorized, and those who an armed forces service medal was awarded.

Where to go for help/file a claim

VEVRAA is enforced by the Office of Federal Contract Complaints Programs and impacts employers with federal contracts or subcontracts of $100,000 or more. Click here for further information.
UNIFORMED SERVICES EMPLOYMENT AND REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS ACT (USERRA)

Since 1994, passage of USERRA established rights and responsibilities for uniformed service members and their civilian employers. Including:

- Reemployment rights
- The right to be free from discrimination and retaliation
- Health insurance protection
- Enforcement guidelines

Where to go for help/file a claim

The US Department of Labor, Veterans Employment and Training Service (VETS) is authorized to investigate and resolve USERRA violation complaints. Call 1-866-4-USA-DOL or click here for more information.
WE THOUGHT JUST SHOWING UP IN HEARINGS WAS HOW IT’S DONE. REALLY, IT’S OFFICE VISITS WITH KEY LEGISLATORS, FOLLOWING UP ON THAT, AND CRAFTING YOUR MESSAGE THE RIGHT WAY.

ROB WUDLICK (MN)
UNITED SPINAL REGIONAL ADVOCACY COORDINATOR
2019 FINN BULLERS CO-ADVOCATE OF THE YEAR
Despite being often used interchangeably, these words refer to different things.

**Laws** are passed by either Congress or state legislatures. The legislature creates bills that become law once passed by a vote. Laws establish the general framework of principles in which a government will act.

**Regulations** are standards and rules that govern how laws will be enforced. They are often issued by the administrative agencies responsible for enacting the laws. Regulations are also codified and published, like laws.
FROM CITY COUNCIL TO SENATORS

Federal, state, and local governments all make laws, but each level has different legislative responsibilities. It’s important for advocates to understand the role of their elected representatives and what they can do for you:

**FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES**

Your representatives at the Federal level are in Congress—the House and Senate. Your Members of Congress are responsible for passing legislation that impacts the entire country (e.g. amendments to the ADA or federal health care policy).

**STATE REPRESENTATIVES**

State government mirrors federal government in that there are legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government. The State legislature has both an upper and a lower house with State Senators and State House or Assembly members. These representatives enact laws for their state.

**LOCAL REPRESENTATIVES**

Local representatives handle administration of towns, cities, municipalities, counties, and districts. Local government runs things that impact our daily lives, like utilities, libraries, emergency services, and law enforcement.
HOW THE U.S. CONGRESS WORKS

Congress, the bicameral legislature of the Federal Government has 535 voting members and consists of two chambers chosen through direct election. The House of Representatives and Senate are equal partners, with all legislation requiring the consent of both chambers before any action.

The House of Representatives: 435 voting members, and six nonvoting members representing Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, US Virgin Islands, and the District of Columbia. Members serve two-year terms representing the people of a single constituency, known as a district. Congressional districts are apportioned to states by population using the U.S. Census results

Unique powers of the House: Initiation of impeachment cases and revenue raising bills

The Senate: 100 voting senators are elected at-large in their state for a six-year term. All states, regardless of population or size, have two senators and terms are staggered so that every two years approximately 1/3 of the Senate is up for reelection.

Unique powers of the Senate: treaty ratification, approval of presidential appointments, impeachment decisions

Once any legislation has passed both through the House and Senate, it is then put in front of the President of the United States to be signed into law or vetoed.
HOW A BILL BECOMES A LAW

**Step 1: Bill Introduced** Any Member of Congress, either a Senator or Representative, may introduce a bill. It is then assigned a bill number and sent to the committee with jurisdiction over the area affected.

**Step 2: Committee Action** The committee as a whole may consider the bill or be referred to a subcommittee. Public hearings are usually held to hear various viewpoints on the bill. The committee can vote to report (approve) the bill, with or without amendment, or to kill it.

**Step 3: House Floor Consideration** If the committee votes to report the bill, it is sent to the floor of the full House. Members may debate the bill and offer amendments. The House then votes on final passage. A bill that is defeated will go no further in the process. A bill that is passed will then go to the other House of Congress.

**Step 4: Second House** In the second House of Congress, a bill usually goes through the same steps as outlined above. This House may vote to pass the bill, with or without amendments, or to defeat it.

**Step 5: Resolving Differences** If the two houses pass a different bill, a conference committee will usually be appointed with both House and Senate members. This committee attempts to work out the differences between the House and Senate versions of the bill. If the committee reaches agreement, a revised bill is sent back to both houses for a vote. The House and the Senate must approve it.

**Step 6: Presidential Action – Final Approval** After both the House and the Senate have passed a bill in identical form, it is sent to the President. The President may sign the bill into law or allow the bill to become law by letting it sit for 10 days while Congress is in session. If the President disagrees with a bill, he may veto it and send it back to Congress. If the bill receives 2/3 vote or greater to override the veto, in both Houses, the bill becomes law.
REASONS TO GET INVOLVED WITH FEDERAL POLITICS

There are ample reasons why someone might want to get involved in Federal advocacy and/or public policy. Federalism refers to a mixed mode of government, combining central or 'federal' government with regional governments (state, territorial or other subunit governments) in a single political system.

What is public policy?
Public assistance programs, legislation such as the Affordable Care Act, environmental laws, etc. A public policy is not simply a passed law or regulation. Instead, it includes the beliefs and attitudes that result in the passage of a law or regulation.

Getting involved at the Federal level means engaging with Congress and with the various agencies that make up the Federal Government, such as the Department of Transportation, the Department of Justice, the Department of Health and Human Services.

One individual can make a big impact at the Federal level. You can:
1. Call attention to issues of importance;
In response, a Senator or Representative may address your issue on the floor, talk to their colleagues, talk to the press, attend one of your events
In addition, the head of a Department, may make some administrative changes within their Department due to hearing from advocates
2. Ask a Senator, Representative or Department head to introduce a piece of legislation or regulation to fix an issue
Senators and Representatives are elected and expected to represent the wants and needs of their constituents. Members of the legislature are not the only ones with the power to create new laws. Anyone can propose an idea for a bill in your state and get involved with the political process.

Above, United Spinal member advocates encourage Arizona legislators to write a bill that requires a minimum number of wheelchair accessible bathrooms in apartment buildings during their Roll on Arizona event.

“We want to ensure that the accessibility issues that affect the health and safety of people with disabilities, including entering and exiting buildings quickly and having access to bathroom facilities, are addressed.”

– Gina Schuh (AZ), United Spinal Advocate
HOW STATE LEGISLATURES WORK

Each state, except Nebraska, uses a bicameral legislature structured similarly to the federal legislature, utilizing two separate legislative chambers or houses. One, called the Senate, that is also known as the “upper house.” In 41 states, the larger chamber is called the House of Representatives, but a number of states use the term “Assembly” or the “House of Delegates.” In Nebraska, they use a one-chamber legislature called the Senate.

The Senate: Generally, but not always, has the exclusive power to confirm appointments made by the governor and to try articles of impeachment. In most cases, this smaller chamber represents more citizens and serves longer terms. Often, 4 years.

The House of Representatives/Assembly/House of Delegates: Customarily has the exclusive power to initiate taxing legislation and articles of impeachment. This larger chamber usually serves terms of 2 years.

In the majority of states, once any legislation has passed through both the upper and lower chambers, it is then put in front of the Governor be signed into law or vetoed.

Each state has a different legislative session. Click here to find out when your state is in session.
REASONS TO GET INVOLVED WITH STATE POLITICS

Think globally, act locally.

1. **Lawmakers are more accessible.** State and local legislators have more time to speak with you over the phone or meet in person.
2. **There is a lot to learn at the state level.** At the state level, policy teams are innovative idea creators, tackling issues deeply from a variety of angles.
3. **Ideas move quickly in the states.** Legislative attention and progress in one state, can quickly spread and be adopted by other states.
4. **You can get ahead.** Federal work can be reactive, while the work being done at the state level is often proactive.
5. **States have more freedom.** Unlike the federal government, states are less dictated by pressures and mandates that restrict change. States are often where the action is.
Create change locally by being directly involved in the political process

Go to Meetings
A great way to get to know your local political leaders and new candidates, is to attend and participate in your town and county political committee meetings. These meetings are usually open to anyone and provide a great opportunity for you to not only get to know other active constituents, but also to learn about issues facing your community.

Join an Advisory Board, Task Force, local planning board, or Apply for Commissionership
By committing to a public service committee or council, you can work with other community members and share your unique perspectives on issues and how they affect your life. You can contribute by doing research, taking public testimony, reviewing reports, and creating recommendations for local problems.

Run for Office
The pinnacle of involvement in local party politics is running for office yourself. Think about running for party offices, as well as, civic offices, such as judge of elections, school board, or town council.
JOSE HERNANDEZ
UNITED SPINAL ASSOCIATION OF NYC CHAPTER PRESIDENT

Appointed New York City Commissioner of Civic Engagement in 2019. Jose shares,

"Living with a disability, I have always recognized the importance of advocating. However, it wasn’t until I attended Roll on Capitol Hill that I understood how much our voices as individuals with disabilities resonate when we come together. As a commissioner, I use my experience and passion for advocacy to encourage others with disabilities to get involved in their communities too."

NICK LIBASSI
FORMER VICE PRESIDENT OF PARTNERSHIP EXPANSION FOR UNITED SPINAL CURRENT VICE PRESIDENT, NORTH AMERICA, MOBIUS MOBILITY

Elected to Rochelle Park, New Jersey, Township committee in 2018. Nick shares,

"I decided to run for office because it is not enough to sit on the sidelines. You have to be willing to work towards making things better, whether it is accessibly, disability or issues that have nothing to do with either it was important to me to be active and try to make the changes that I feel are needed."

ALEX WATTERS
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE

Appointed to Sioux City, Iowa, City Council in 2017, elected at large in 2017, and reelected in 2021. Alex shares,

"After volunteering and working on a number of political campaigns, I witnessed the difference that can be made by holding public office. As an elected official, not only do you have the ability to introduce policies or legislation, but you also have a platform to shine a spotlight on inequities experienced by yourself or other marginalized populations."
"IT IS REWARDING TO EXPERIENCE PEOPLE SHARING THEIR COMPELLING PERSONAL STORIES ABOUT HOW PUBLIC POLICIES AFFECT THEIR LIVES AND HOW REPRESENTATIVES VALUE THE EXPERIENCES TOO."

KENT KEYSER (VA)
UNITED SPINAL PUBLIC POLICY FELLOW
COMMUNICATING WITH ELECTED OFFICIALS

Effective advocacy starts with clear communication

It is important to be as informed and prepared as possible before contacting your legislator.

Consistent contact with your elected officials through social media, such as Twitter, Facebook, Instagram, and LinkedIn can be an effective way of engaging with your legislators and sharing your personal story. Read more about virtual advocacy here.

Be persistent about your engagement with your elected officials. Make sure they know you are invested in these issues and are not going away. The following pages will outline the best ways to effectively and efficiently engage elected officials.
Build a long-term relationship
Elected officials want to get to know their constituents. Building a professional relationship will pay long-term benefits to both you and them.

Find common ground. Look more broadly than the few issues on your current legislative agenda. Find that “golden nugget” that makes an elected official or senior staff person tick and, if you can, support their priorities. Introduce them to as many like-minded family and friends as you can by inviting them to events, meetings and showing support for them on social media.

Think and act long term. If the Member supports your issues, always let them know of your appreciation and express it through social media. If the member doesn’t yet support your issues, their support may come in the future. Patience is a virtue and knowing of your support on issues, may very well keep your member from actively opposing your issues. Keep them updated.

Staff make a difference. Legislators depend on the advice of their staff, so building relationships with them will be an advantage. An aide may be more knowledgeable about a particular issue and may have more time to talk with you. Legislators have offices in their home states and districts, and most make themselves available through public venues to meet with constituents. State and district staff work hand in hand with Washington staff. They can open many doors for you. Also, do not forget the expertise of committee staff. Committee staff are specialists by nature, whereas staff in Members’ offices tend to be generalists. Keep a dialogue open with as many staff as you can.
IN PERSON VISITS CONTINUED

Information is power
Sharing reliable information is a powerful tool in establishing trust with members of Congress and their staff. Trust is the strongest foundation on which you can build a solid relationship.

Tell your story. Your personal story about how an issue affects your life is central in making your case for a change in public policy. A personal story can help explain the technical parts of a complex issue. Let Members and staff know you hope they will share your story with their colleagues.

Know the lay of the land. Know both the upsides of your issue and any potential downsides. Sharing a general overview of all sides of an issue will help speed decisions on your issues and will be appreciated by staff and members who deal with overwhelming workloads and time constraints.

Bring it home. Members and staff want district or state-specific information, so connect the impact of your issues to their constituents. Statistics matter but so do individuals and organizations back home that support your position. Put it in writing so they will be able to use it later.
IN PERSON VISITS CONTINUED

Be yourself and always be at your best
The way you approach, interact and follow up with Members and staff is as important as the message you want to deliver. Being at your best will quickly build lasting relationships.

Your mom was right. Little courtesies pay big dividends. Leading with a smile or a kind word and a thank you for their valuable time sets a proper tone for face to face meetings, as well as, for emails and other forms of communications. Be brief in your presentation and considerate of their time.

Be honest. Facts and figures are important but so are passion and determination, so speak from your head in your own words, but by all means also speak from your heart. Don’t worry, if you don’t know an answer to a question, just assure them you will try to find the best answer you can.

Always follow through by following up. Send a thank you note (email) immediately after your meeting or when you receive a reply. But, give offices some reasonable time to get back with you before you contact them on the same issue again. When you do follow up, begin with another note of thanks for their valuable time. Please always ask before you share their reply in any public venue.
TELEPHONE CALLS

Telephone calls are usually taken by a staff member, not the Member of Congress. Be sure to ask to speak with the aide who handles the issue that you are calling about.

- Identify yourself to the aide.
- Let the aide know if you are a constituent (someone who resides in the elected official’s district).
- Tell the aide you would like to leave a brief message, such as: “Please tell Senator/Representative (Name) that I support/oppose “S.___/H.R.___).” You should also state reasons for your support or opposition.
- Personal stories can be very persuasive. If possible, share how the legislation would affect (positively or negatively) your life if passed/not passed.
- If unknown, ask for your Senators’ or Representative’s position on the bill.
- You may also request a written response to your telephone call.
E-MAILING CONGRESS

Generally, the same guidelines apply as with writing letters to Congress. E-mailing is a good method of communication with a Congressional office.

- Your purpose for writing should be stated in the first paragraph of the e-mail.
- If your e-mail pertains to a specific piece of legislation, identify it accordingly, e.g., House bill: H. R. ____, Senate bill: S.____.
- Be courteous, to the point, and include key information, using examples to support your position on the legislation/issue.
- Address only one issue/topic in each email; and, if possible, keep the letter short.
- These days, written letters are sent via email.

ADDRESSING WRITTEN CORRESPONDENCE

- An appropriate greeting is “Dear Representative” or “Dear Senator” or “Dear “Congressional Staffer’s Name””
- When writing to the Chair of a Committee or the Speaker of the House, they must be addressed as "Dear Mr. Chairman or Madam Chairwoman:" or "Dear Madam Speaker or Mr. Speaker:"
TOWN HALL MEETINGS

Connect with legislators and your local community

Representatives often hold town hall meetings and keep their websites updated with dates and locations of upcoming meetings. Town hall meetings are a great way to engage in person with your elected officials. If you’re concerned about the accessibility of the meeting venue, make sure to call your elected official’s office to inquire about accessibility beforehand.
SPEAKING UP AT TOWN HALL MEETINGS

Making your mic-time count

· Prepare any questions you want to ask and research your elected official’s positions before the meeting.
· Representatives hold town halls to hear first-hand experiences from constituents, so share your personal stories when discussing existing or proposed legislation.
· Talk to the elected officials’ staffers at the meeting and ask for their business cards. This is an opportunity to build that relationship with staff in the office.
· Be respectful. Town halls can get heated when attendees feel strongly about issues, but it’s important to remain professional.
"THE INTERNET IS SUCH A POWERFUL TOOL TO USE FOR ADVOCACY. IT GIVES SO MANY IN THE SCI/D COMMUNITY THE ABILITY TO WORK, CONNECT, AND COLLABORATE WITH OTHERS FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD."

ANNIE STREIT (IN)
UNITED SPINAL GRASSROOTS ADVOCACY MANAGER
The internet is a powerful advocacy tool.

Social media and virtual advocacy are an efficient way to reach more advocates and allies who can help elevate your message. Following your elected official’s social media accounts can also help you keep track of their activities, events, and policy positions. The following tips will help ensure that your use of social media is most effective:

- **Be courteous and to the point.** Staffers will often remove comments seen as offensive or harassing toward the representative.
- **Share your story.** Share how the legislation would affect (positively or negatively) your life if passed/not passed.
- **Be consistent.** According to the Congressional Management Foundation, as few as 10 social media posts to a member of Congress is enough to catch that office’s attention.
### Social Media Dos and Don'ts

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<th><strong>DO</strong></th>
<th><strong>DON'T</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Share relevant posts:</strong> Information related to SCI/D and your own content should be shared daily, or a few times per week to increase engagement.</td>
<td><strong>Share posts unless they match your mission:</strong> Your platforms represent your group, so only post items that are a good fit.</td>
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<td><strong>Take feedback seriously:</strong> Pay special attention to comments that suggest how you can improve. Constructive criticism can add strength to your group.</td>
<td><strong>Be unprofessional:</strong> Stay focused on your mission and avoid posting political opinions, religious views, or coarse language on your membership pages.</td>
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<td><strong>Share relevant photos:</strong> Photos draw attention! It is best to use your own photos, but unrestricted, high quality images from the web are an option too.</td>
<td><strong>Delete critical comments:</strong> People will wonder what you are hiding, which then may cause them to wonder if the commenter has a point.</td>
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SOCIAL MEDIA BEST PRACTICES

Follow Back and Interact. If you are only following a small amount of your social media followers, that may come across as disinterest in what your community is saying.

Keep the Social in Social Media. Engage with those who reach out to you to create connections and network.

Determine Your Voice and Tone. It is important that your voice and tone coincides with your prospects. Don't stray from your brand image.

Keep it Short. Some social media platforms do not have character limits. Remember that shorter is better.

Create Brand Awareness. Take advantage of sharing content related to your brand, and engaging with influencers in your industry.

Don't Overshare. Create a content calendar to ensure you are not oversharing, but instead sharing content that your community values and that reflects your brand.

Don't Always Feel Compelled to Jump In. It is beneficial to determine what types of post that you respond to and which ones you should sit back in order to let others interject first.

Be as Transparent as Possible. Openess is an important way to relate and build trust with those in your community.

Be Proactive, Versus Reactive. Monitoring social media will allow you to see posts that do not mention your brand, but still have value. This strategy helps to create conversations and foster new relationships.

Respond to Negative and Positive Feedback. View negative feedback as constructive criticism, and an opportunity to improve. Respond as quickly as possible instead of ignoring or deleting.
DEVELOP A GAME PLAN

Questions to consider as you develop your social media game plan.

1. Are you confident using social media for your chapter or organization?
2. Have you decided which platforms to use?
3. Have you set up your social media accounts?
4. Have you figured out your objectives?
5. Have you set yourself targets?
6. Do you have a social media policy?
7. Do you have a social media strategy?
8. Do you have a content strategy?
9. Do you know how to measure performance?
10. Do you have a social media team?
11. Do you have a process in place for your activity?
12. Do you know how to handle mishaps?
13. Have you perfected your campaigns?
Creating a website is one step to building an online presence.

- Be creative
- Foster engagement with a clear message
- Cover the basics
  - What you are
  - What the mission and goals are
  - What activities you are a part of
  - What can individuals do to make a difference
- Always keep website accessibility in mind

A blog is usually less formal, but more interactive than a website.

- Share important campaign news and milestones
- Post updates on events
- Collaborate with other advocates
- Build enthusiasm for your campaign
- Reach out to other bloggers and advocates whose interest center around the same issues.

Online video is a powerful tool for educating and engaging viewers.

- An effective video creates an emotional response that coincides with the core value of the viewers
- Video content can include interviews, highlights of events, and stories that show the impact that advocates can make.
- Use social media as a way to drive traffic to your online videos
Virtual advocacy is an effective way to communicate remotely about issues on both an individual basis as well as a member of a group effort with your policymakers, especially on your state and local government levels.

- Determine the remote meeting platform that works for you.
  - Zoom
  - Microsoft Teams
  - Webex by Cisco
  - GoToMeeting

- Understand and clearly define your issue(s).

- Develop an organized meeting strategy and agenda.

- Develop talking points. Decide who will discuss each point.

- Assign responsibilities. One group member should moderate.

- Prepare materials for your event. Develop "Issue Papers."

- Share personal stories related to the issue from 1-3 advocates.

- Create a remote event speaker schedule and schedule visits.

- Contact information for Representatives and Senators:
  - House of Representatives
  - Senate

- Follow-up with a thank you, the issue paper, and any other information that you agreed to provide.
VIRTUAL ADVOCACY EVENTS

Along with effective communication, there are tactics you can use for virtual advocacy events that help to publicize your issue, your events, and support for your issue.

**Virtual Advocacy Team Office Hours:** Remote platforms can be used for smaller meetings as a way to strategize, plan, and report.

**Social Media Advocacy Challenge.** Implementing advocacy challenges is an effective way to increase advocacy participation and to raise awareness on a particular issue or organization.

**Branding Social Media Profile Pictures and GIPHY Stickers.** Changing social media profile pictures and creating GIPHY stickers to add to Facebook Live or Instagram Stories that correspond to an event, cause, or organization makes visual branding easy.

**Online Resource Hubs.** Hubs are a one-stop-shop for colleagues and advocates to find needed resources such as, talking points, scripts, web graphics and content, and videos.

**360-Degree Videos.** Videos are a great way to highlight an issue or event, because they provide the opportunity for virtual visitors to be in the center of the action.

**Video Testimonials.** This type of live or pre-recorded video provides opportunities for advocates to share how issues directly affect their lives.

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**SOCIAL MEDIA | VIRTUAL ADVOCACY RESOURCES**

- United Spinal Association Social Media Guide
- United Spinal Association Social Media Basics
- Virtual Advocacy in a Pandemic World: A Guide
For both business and pleasure, Gina Schuh loves to travel. Over the years, her frustration has grown over the large variance she faces in the height of hotel beds. When a bed is too tall, it makes transferring from a wheelchair impossible or unsafe. After hearing consistent complaints from other wheelchair users, it hit home that this was a community-wide problem that needed her help. Gina explains, "In the grand scheme, this seems like a small issue, but it has enormous impacts on people with disabilities being able to travel with ease. Currently, this appears to be the result of a lack of education and awareness by policymakers and those in the hotel industry."

After raising this issue at the National Council for Disability meeting, Gina checked with the United States Access Board about any hotel bed height guidelines. Upon learning they were nonexistent, Schuh engaged other wheelchair users and got to work on a resolution that reflected the community's needs. Armed with a plan, Gina started a petition on change.org by summarizing the issue and asking those in her network to read, sign-on, and share. Noting, “It was a simple process, but once it was out there, it spread like wildfire. Seeing the huge amount of sharing and support clearly shows what an important issue this is and that our community needs hotel bed height regulation.”

Today, the petition has 44,000 signatures, but Gina is looking to increase that to 100,000 signatures. With this clear demand, Gina will start talking to legislators and bring this data to the U.S. Access Board along with individual experiences and stories to hotel brands and chains to help realize this important need.
“ROCH HAS GIVEN ME SKILLS TO GO TO ANY STATE AND SIT WITH AN OFFICIAL, NOT ONLY TO SHARE MY PERSPECTIVE, BUT TO BUILD A SOLUTION THROUGH POSITIVE DIALOGUE.”

ANDREA DALZELL (NY)
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE
SHARING YOUR STORY

Storytelling is one of the most powerful tools for affecting change in our society. By relating your own personal experiences, your audience can more easily relate and empathize. The stories we share are unique and have the power to motivate others to support a cause.

“At home I had felt alone, at ROCH 2012, I realized that my wife and I mattered, that my issues were real, and that I could possibly be the first person Capitol Hill had ever seen using a wheelchair that can stand me up with a voice communicator that responds to my eyes.”

– Earle Powdrell (TX), 2018 Finn Bullers Co-Advocate of the Year
STORY DEVELOPMENT QUESTIONS

Tailoring your story to your audience

- What is the purpose of this conversation? Who is my audience?
- What is my core message for this conversation?
- What do I want my audience to take away from this conversation? How do I want them to think about the issue?
- How will my story help someone more deeply understand this issue or policy?
- What parts of my story specifically relate to this societal issue or policy?
- How does my story connect to someone else's experience? How does it connect to a broader context?
- How can my story create change? How can it help someone see a new perspective?
MESSAGES THAT INSPIRE ACTION

ENGAGE YOUR AUDIENCE
In a sentence or two, make a statement about your experience that will grab your audience’s attention.

PRESENT THE PROBLEM
Describe what the issue is, who it is affecting, and the impact on your life. If you have data, this is a good time to present it.

SHARE A STORY
Share an experience that helps the legislator empathize and understand how the problem effects your community as citizens.

CONNECT VALUES
Take the time to research what issues your audience cares about and frame your story with that in mind to help make an impact.

STICK TO THE HIGHLIGHTS
You want to make your point, but leave them wanting to know more. When they ask questions, you’ve caught their attention.

SHARE A SOLUTION
If you have an idea of how to help, speak up, showing a policymaker a path to change may allow them to serve you better.

MAKE YOUR REQUEST
Legislators expect requests. Let them know what would help and ask for their support. If they say “yes,” you have a supporter.
Natalie Barnhard is a community activist, speaker, entrepreneur, advocate for those with disabilities, and the Founder and President of the Motion Project Foundation, Inc. Prior to her spinal cord injury (SCI) in 2004, Natalie was a physical therapist assistant and a licensed massage therapist. After her injury, her vision and personal goal centered around starting a local rehabilitation facility in Buffalo, NY. Natalie experienced firsthand the challenges of the ability to obtain the proper intense rehabilitation, home modifications, and necessary equipment that are all critical after an SCI. Those experiences were the driving force behind her motivation to help people with spinal cord injuries and disorders (SCI/D) while also raising awareness in the Buffalo and surrounding areas.

Natalie is a woman on a mission, and her hard work and dedication all came full circle when Motion Project Foundation opened the Natalie Barnhard Center for Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation and Recovery and celebrated its grand opening in September of 2021. The center is dedicated to improving the lives of those with a spinal cord injury and other neurological disorders by promoting physical independence through Activity Based Therapy, emotional support, and spiritual healing. The center provides state-of-the-art equipment, trained Recovery Specialists, research, care navigation, advocacy, and support.

Natalie was awarded the 2021 Finn Bullers Advocate of the Year Award at the United Spinal Association’s Roll on Capitol Hill event and she continues to dedicate her time and passion to helping the disability community and advocating for reforming rehabilitation. You can find out more information about Motion Project, The Natalie Barnhard Center for Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation and Recovery by visiting the website at www.motionprojectny.org or by clicking on any of the social media links below.

“I was taught early on in my injury that I would be my own best advocate. I feel we all have the right to use our voice to speak up for injustice and inclusion for all people with disabilities. I am blessed God has given me the strength and ability to do the work that I am doing, including using my voice to help those who can’t.”

– Natalie Barnhard PTA, LMT
NY United Spinal Advocate
"ADVOCACY IS IMPORTANT TO ME BECAUSE I WANT TO HELP PEOPLE WHO ARE VULNERABLE, LIKE THOSE WHO STOOD UP FOR ME WHEN I WAS AT MY WEAKEST."

KAREN ROY (LA)
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE & CHAPTER ADVOCACY COORDINATOR
WHAT IS AN INITIATIVE?

Is there an issue affecting your community that needs immediate action? An organized plan to address the issue is called an initiative. Initiatives create a shared goal for groups of like-minded citizens. Having a defined initiative makes it easier to rally support and ask policymakers for the change needed. Throughout our nation’s history, citizens have called upon our elected officials to take action on issues as an important means of progress.
STRATEGIZING AN INITIATIVE

Several ingredients make for a successful advocacy initiative

- The rightness of the cause
- The power of the advocates (larger numbers are helpful)
- The thoroughness of your research of issues, opposition and the climate of opinion about the issue to the community
- The skill with which you use the advocacy tools available
- The selection of the right strategies and tactics

It’s important that you thoroughly understand your chosen issue

- Where is the problem?
- Who is the problem affecting?
- What are the impacts of this problem?
- What needs to happen to change this problem?
- What is happening to change this issue currently?
- How can I work with others to change this issue?

The best time to start planning for an advocacy initiative campaign is when your direct experience and research shows you cannot achieve your goals in any other way and you’re sure you have the capacity to carry it through due to enthusiasm and energy.
INITIATIVE SMART OBJECTIVES

Having clear goals, an action plan, and specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and timed (SMART) objectives is key.

Having a well planned and well executed advocacy plan is extremely important in order to drive forward the desired policy changes. In order to have a successful advocacy plan, it must be able to respond to the identified needs, build on opportunities, and overcome barriers.

Specific. What do you want to do?
Measurable. How do you know you reached it?
Attainable. Is it in your power to achieve it?
Realistic. Can you realistically achieve it?
Timed. When do you wish to accomplish it?
INITIATIVE DEVELOPMENT STEPS

Step 1- Set the right goal. What you want to accomplish? Consider your time and energy commitment and define a goal that will impact your community with the resources you have.

Step 2- Set objectives. Determine the milestones that will help you achieve your goal. Use SMART goals that are specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, and timely.

Step 3- Determine your tactics. How do you want to get your message out? What activities will inspire the support you need to move your initiative forward. Tactics are your action steps. The icing on the cake and the part that shows. They can cover a wide range of activities, from writing letters, speaking up at City Council meetings, filing complaints, setting up negotiations, boycotts, demonstrations and carrying out surveys.

Make sure your tactics:
- Carry out your strategy and are appropriate for your goals
- Fit your style
- Are doable and cost-effective, within your resources and funds
- Make your group feel good about themselves and the action

Step 4- Create your plan. Keeping a detailed record of what needs to be accomplished, by whom, and by what date will help keep you on track. What is the scope of the action? Who will carry it out? When will it happen and for how long? Are the resources available to accomplish this? Which allies and constituents should be involved? Who might oppose the action or resist?

Step 5- Take action. Once you have an initiative plan, it is time to get out there and create the change you need.
An issue brief is a short one-page written document that explains:

**Your issue**
State the issue for consideration. Briefly explain its importance to you and your community in the current context and issue relevance to your intended audience.

**Recommendation**
State the action you seek in connection with the above-stated issue. The recommendation may indicate the continuation, elimination, or amending of the issue.

**Current law**
List any current law or regulatory framework that authorizes or supports the issue.

**Background**
Provide supporting information relevant to the issue and recommendation.

**Use any additional available space to:**
List organizational policy that supports this issue
List actions or activities used to demonstrate the importance of the issue to you.
List current evidence that supports your actions, activities, or suggestions.

[Click here for an example of a easily digestible issue summary brief](#)
ADAM LANE (OK)  
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE AND CHAPTER BOARD MEMBER

Adam Lane is a member of United Spinal’s Oklahoma Chapter and a dedicated advocate for the disability community. Since Adam’s spinal cord injury (SCI) in 2007, he has devoted countless hours to his advocacy work with United Spinal, and he has also served on the Board for the Oklahoma City Chapter along with the Mayor’s Committee for Disability Concerns for Kansas City, Missouri and Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Adam works for United Access where he helps people with disabilities with their specific vehicle modification needs and takes an active role in the Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) committee.

Adam is familiar with and knows the importance of accessible fitness for the disability community, and he started his fitness regimen involving lifting weights and pilates immediately after his (SCI), which then led to competitive triathlon racing. Adam now teaches yoga at multiple studios and virtually for senior citizens, stroke survivors, and those living with paralysis. He has a true passion for advocating for others, and his newest journey to create awareness and change is his Ride Across America.

Adam will embark on a 60-day handcycling Ride Across America from San Diego, California to New York, via Washington, DC at Roll on Capitol Hill 2022 to raise awareness about United Spinal Association’s 2022 #StrongWheeledTogether campaign. Throughout his ride, Adam will be making scheduled stops to not only advocate for the need for accessible exercise and fitness in order to improve the quality of life for people with mobility disabilities, but also highlight the spinal cord injury and disorder (SCI/D) community’s contributions to society and continuous struggle for equality and inclusion. You can read more about Adam and his Ride Across America by visiting his website at https://adamklane.com/ or by clicking on the social media links below.
ASSEMBLING A COALITION

“ADVOCATING HAS GIVEN ME A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE ON THE POLITICAL PROCESS. I GET TO SHARE WHAT I LEARN WITH MY LOCAL CHAPTER TO DEVELOP A STRONGER VOICE.”

RICK HAYDEN (CA)
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE AND BOARD MEMBER
UTILIZING COALITIONS

Teaming up to drive change together

A coalition is an alliance of individuals and/or organizations working together to achieve a common purpose. Together coalition members address the needs and concerns of their particular community. Often, coalitions are organized around a single initiative or event. By collaborating with other advocates and organizations who have similar goals, it's easier to reap the benefits of partnership and maximize effectiveness in your efforts.
ORGANIZING A COALITION

There is power in numbers when it comes to like-minded individuals. This can simply mean working with other people with disabilities on an advocacy issue. For a larger coalition, it’s good to have groups of allies with different roles who see eye to eye on the same issue. For example:

On any health issue, you’ll want to include: consumers, nurses, physicians and case managers

On a transportation issue, you’ll want to include: fixed route operators (trains and buses), ridesharing entities, automobile manufacturers and related partners in order to better show them the importance of the necessity for people with disabilities as customers

Who holds authority in your local area? Choosing people who have built-in credibility and community respect is important. Think about inviting members of the media, elected officials, and other advocacy groups

Consider whether you want this to be a fully fledged formal correlation or loose alliance of allies? Make sure interests align and you can work together.
RAFFERTY LAREDO (TX)  
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE AND  
CHAPTER LEADER  
As a standout Houston spinal cord injury ally, 
Rafferty has supported his local chapter’s  
advocacy in a myriad of ways. Notably, by  
fighting alongside and connecting individuals  
with opportunities to be heard. Laredo  
encourages,  

“Many voices can shout down the walls, because together we are one.”

KIM HARRISON, NORTHERN FLORIDA  
UNITED SPINAL STATE ADVOCACY  
COORDINATOR  
Active participant in city town hall advisory and  
planning meetings and GA statehouse advocate  

“It’s about speaking for others that can’t, both locally  
and nationally. We get to make important legislative  
relationships at major events like ROCH, but we have  
to build on those relationships with representatives  
on a local level to show them more of our lives and  
stories. When I visit legislators on a national level, it’s  
nice to mention that person’s counterparts name at  
the local level. When I visit local offices, I can  
mention their counterpart at a national level.”
"I HAVE FOUND THAT THE GREATEST IMPACT WE MAKE IS WHEN A GROUP OF INDIVIDUALS ATTEND A PUBLIC MEETING TO SPEAK UP ABOUT THE CHANGE WE WANT."

BRUCE BLOWER (NY)
UNITED SPINAL ADVOCATE
"ROLL" EVENT PLANNING BASICS

Understand Your Issue(s). Clearly define your group’s issue and your plan to educate attendees as an important initial step. Everyone attending your advocacy day should have a clear understanding of the issue they will be discussing and why.

Create a Budget and Fundraise. Early on, your planning team must lay out a budget for expenses that will incur for your event. Will you be providing food? Transportation? Include printing costs, room or space rental, promotion costs etc.

Schedule Visits. Once you have identified elected officials you would like to meet with, it's time to schedule visits. This can be done by calling the elected official's office or contacting the staffer in charge of scheduling. Once you have a date set for your event, start scheduling appointments as soon as possible.

Develop Talking Points. Make notes that explain your issues simply and make your position on the issue clear. Each advocate should be prepared to talk about why the issue is important to them and your group collectively. It’s critical that everyone involved understands your "ask" and what you are requesting from your legislator.

Prepare Materials for Your Visit. Develop a one-page "Issue Paper" (see page 42 for template) and a simple handout explaining a bit about your chapter and the reason for your visit. Include at least one business card or document with contact info for your group.

Attend and Share Your Story. With your confidently prepared advocacy team by your side, speak up to share your experiences and the reason for your visit with the staffer or elected official. Make sure everyone is introduced and consider designating roles for individuals to lead. Before leaving, sum up the issue and make your ask. Designate a notetaker to write down meeting developments.

Follow-up. A thank you note and any information you agreed to provide should be sent soon after your visit. This provides an opportunity to follow-up with your ask directly and in writing. It's a nice gesture to send a thank you letter or email to the scheduler and the office staff expressing your appreciation.
While the Iowa Chapter of United Spinal Association has been around for 15 years, their advocacy committee began its work in January 2019. Since then, they have worked hard to rally members to join the voices of others in Iowa to create positive policy change.

Members met and rolled together at their Des Moines statehouse to urge legislators to make changes in the Medicaid benefits that help Iowans with spinal cord injuries and other disabilities live in the community. In 2016, Iowa switched to private management of Medicaid, a decision that has forced some wheelchair using Iowans into long-term care facilities and made finding care more difficult for many others looking to stay in their homes.

Jenn Wolff, Iowa’s former Chapter Advocacy Representative and United Spinal Association’s former Grassroots Advocacy Manager, said in the arranged press conference, "I think it’s time legislators see people with disabilities not as a sick person, not as a person who is home-bound or wheelchair-bound, not somebody who is a drain on the system, but as people who want to give back to the state of Iowa."

The event allowed individuals with disabilities to better understand the importance of their own voice in the legislative process, while increasing awareness for a change their community needs. The Iowa Chapter of United Spinal Association’s advocacy committee would like to encourage each legislator to, "Look past their personal and partisan biases and see these issues as they are in our daily reality. To sit at the same table [as people with disabilities] and work together to create a sustainable Medicaid program in Iowa that we all can be proud of." You can visit the Iowa Chapter website at http://unitedspinaliowa.org/.
"ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT STEPS OF ADVOCACY IS FOLLOWING UP, IT IS BEING PROACTIVE ABOUT THE CHANGES WE NEED MOST, EVEN WHEN IT’S DIFFICULT."

BROOK MCCALL (OR)
UNITED SPINAL SENIOR DIRECTOR, TECH ACCESS INITIATIVE
FORMER GRASSROOTS ADVOCACY MANAGER
Click below for resources used throughout the Advocacy in Action: A Toolkit for the Rolling Revolution.

Websites
- www.unitedspinal.org
- www.vetsfirst.org
- www.newmobility.com

VetsFirst
- Ask VetsFirst
- Veterans Knowledge Books
- Veterans Guide to VA Benefits

Roll on Capitol Hill (ROCH)
- www.unitedspinal.org/roll-on-capitol-hill

United Spinal Association Grassroots Advocacy Network (GAN)
- GAN and District Mobilization Registration Form
- Action Center and Action Alerts
- Find Your Representatives
- Advocacy Etiquette Guide
- Grassroots Advocacy Network Leadership Responsibilities

Social Media/Virtual Advocacy
- United Spinal Association Social Media Guide
- United Spinal Association Social Media Basics
- Virtual Advocacy in a Pandemic World: A Guide

Chapter Leader Zone
- www.unitedspinal.org/chapterleaderzone
For additional resources and information, you can contact United Spinal Association at:

Phone: 718-803-3782  
Fax: 718-803-0414  
www.unitedspinal.org

Click here to visit the Spinal Cord Resource Center.

United Spinal’s AbleThrive curated resources make it easier for you to find what you need so you’re able to thrive and live life to the fullest.

Visit the United Spinal Association Blog here.

We are grateful to United Spinal Association’s Corporate Members who have invested in our mission, programs, and advocacy to improve the quality of life for all people with spinal cord injury and disease. Click here to learn more about United Spinal’s Corporate Members.

Follow the United Spinal Association

Follow the United Spinal Association Grassroots Advocacy Network